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APPLICATION NO.	O. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/758,962	01/16/2004		Tiandong Jia	4316/045	6521
22440	7590 06/07/2004			EXAMINER	
GOTTLIEB	RACKN	AAN & REISMAN	SWIATEK, ROBERT P		
270 MADISC 8TH FLOOR		IUE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEW YORK		0160601	3643		

DATE MAILED: 06/07/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/758,962	JIA ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Robert P. Swiatek	3643					
The MAILING DATE of this communicate Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply with, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	ATION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a sation. ays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thin ry period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI by statute, cause the application to become A the mailing date of this communication, even if on 16 January 2004. This action is non-final.	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). timely filed, may reduce any					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are versions. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12,14-16 and 18-21</u> is/are respected to. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>13 and 17</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restrictions.	withdrawn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the E 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 15 March 2004 Applicant may not request that any objectio Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☑ ob n to the drawing(s) be held in abeya e correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in the priority documents have been the large that the priority documents have been the large that th	Application No received in this National Stage					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1-16-04; 2-9-04.	-948) Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 					

DETAILED ACTION

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sherrill (US 5,673,653: Ref. 5 on Information Disclosure Statement filed 16 Jan. 2004). The Sherrill patent discloses a method of making animal chew toys comprising the steps of providing cleaned rawhide (column 5, lines 24-26, of Sherrill), cutting the rawhide into rectangles (column 5, line 6), infusing the rawhide with a substance that would impart a flavor and color (color would be altered by the liming—column 5, line 25—while the solution of hydrogen peroxide and chlorine—column 5, line 28—would affect the flavor), rolling the rectangles into cylinders (column 5, lines 51-53), and drying the cylinders (column 5, lines 57-59).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherrill in view of Lindgren (US 5,965,182). The Sherrill chew toy lacks a plurality of arcuate "windows." It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to provide the rawhide rectangles of Sherrill

with a plurality of holes, in view of the teaching of Lindgren that treats then can be placed in the holes or slits to entice an animal to bite the toy (see element 11 and Fig. 2C of Lindgren).

Claims 6-10, 14, 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherrill in view of Dokken (US 5,706,762). The Sherrill chew toy lacks "strings"; however, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to provide it with such strings, in view of the teaching of Dokken that such appendages give the toy a more lifelike appearance (see element 16 of Dokken). With regard to claim 10, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to cut the rectangles of Sherrill after they had been infused with the solution, if one desired to further refine their shapes, say, to make them smaller.

Claims 11, 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherrill in view of Dokken as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Lindgren. It would have been obvious to provide the toy of the combination Sherrill as modified by Dokken with a plurality of holes, in view of the teaching of Lindgren that treats then can be placed in the holes or slits to entice an animal to bite the toy.

Claims 16, 19, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fisher (US 4,535,725). In Figure 3 of Fisher, the hairs extending longitudinally outwardly from the right and left edges of the toy are considered to constitute strips. As to claim 20, that portion of the hair of the Fisher toy intermediate the ends is considered to constitute a "coating" imparting a distinctive color to the toy.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fisher in view of Lindgren. The body of the Fisher toy lacks cuts forming crescent-shaped windows; however, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to provide the toy of Fisher with a plurality of

holes, in view of the teaching of Lindgren that treats then can be placed in the holes or slits to further entice an animal to bite the toy.

Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fisher. The precise dimensional ranges of the Fisher toy, while not disclosed, would have been obvious to one skilled in the art wishing to enable it to be readily enjoyed by a range of differently-sized dogs.

Claims 3, 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicants regard as the invention. In claim 3, line 2, "said internal holes" lacks a prior antecedent basis; in claim 9, line 1, "said strips" lacks a prior antecedent basis.

In claim 16, line 4, "stripes" is a misspelling should be changed to -strips-.

Claims 13, 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The drawings are objected to because in Figure 3, reference numeral 16 should be changed to -14-. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Applicants should note that foreign documents nos. 1, 2 on the Information Disclosure Statement filed 16 January 2004 have not been checked inasmuch as copies were not provided; accordingly, if copies of these references are supplied, they will be considered.

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Art Unit: 3643

The references to Beck (US 3,107,651) and Kirch (US 2003/0106500 A1) have been cited to provide additional examples of animal chew toys.

RPS: 1703/308-2700

24 May 2004

ROBERT P. SWIATER
PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 333 3 64-3

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